Waters Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof

Site Preparation Guide



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Introduction

This document describes the environmental conditions, power supplies, and gas supplies that are required for the operation of the $Xevo^{TM}$ G2-XS QTof/Tof. Operating the instrument in conformance with these conditions enables the instrument to achieve its optimum performance and safe use.

Responsibilities

A Waters[™] engineer will be responsible for installing and commissioning the system to ensure that the instrument is properly installed and operational. The laboratory must be prepared in advance to allow the engineer to carry out the installation efficiently. A site preparation checklist is included at the end of this document for you to fill in and return to Waters when the laboratory is ready.

Important: The installation of the system cannot begin until the checklist has been completed and returned to the mass spectrometer sales support representative at your local Waters office.

The installation time may vary, depending on the instrument options being installed. The site preparation checklist must be completed as accurately as possible to help minimize installation time.

A major aspect of the system installation is the implementation tests designed to evaluate the instrument functionality under specific operating conditions. At the completion of each test, the actual test result obtained is entered in the Installation Checklist or Instrument Qualification Workbook, whichever is appropriate.

Important: A user who has been designated to be responsible for the normal use and upkeep of the instrument must be present during the installation.

The user must be present during the functionality tests at installation; this allows the user to be trained in the basic system operation. If there are foreseen periods when the intended user cannot be present, notify us in advance; this will enable us to schedule the installation for a more convenient time.

If you have questions regarding the information in this document or any specific site problems, contact your local Waters sales representative. If necessary, we will arrange a site survey.

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Storage

The following storage conditions are required prior to installation:

- Unopened shipping palletized cartons and crates
- Palletized cartons and crates stored away from heavy machinery such as compressors or generators, which generate excessive floor vibration
- Storage area temperature 0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F) and humidity <80%, non-condensing

Contact your local Waters representative if you need further advice regarding storage conditions.

Unpacking and moving

The instrument is delivered in several palletized cartons and crates. Their sizes may vary dependent on instrument specification and optional accessories, typical sizes for the instrument crate are:

Width 1035 mm (40.7 inches)
 Length 1230 mm (48.4 inches)
 Height 1885 mm (74.2 inches)
 Weight 410 kg (904 lbs)

It is a warranty condition that the cartons and crates are unpacked only when the Waters engineer is present. After installation, it is the customer's responsibility to dispose of the cartons, crates, and packaging.

It is essential that the instrument is not bumped or jolted during unpacking or any subsequent transport. If the instrument needs to be transported across an uneven surface, the instrument must be carried on a forklift truck or trolley.

Doorways, elevators, and corridors (including corners) must be sufficiently wide for maneuvering of the instrument. Special handling arrangements may be necessary if access to the laboratory is via a staircase.

Once unpacked, the instrument weights are approximately as shown in Table 1:

Table 1: Instrument weights

Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof	266 kg (586 lbs)
Data system (computer, monitor, and optional printer)	<50 kg (110 lbs)
Rotary pump*	45 kg (99 lbs)
Scroll pump*	48 kg (106 lbs)
Dry pump*	65 kg (143 lbs)

^{*}System includes a rotary pump, a scroll pump, or a dry pump option.

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Lifting equipment

A forklift truck is recommended for lifting and transporting the instrument and crate to the point of installation. The forklift truck should then be used to lift the instrument from the crate onto the laboratory bench using the straps provided. If a forklift truck is unable to gain access to the point of installation, Waters recommends using a jackable trolley with the following specifications to lift the instrument from the crate onto the laboratory bench:

Lifting capacity 300 kg (661 lbs)Maximum lowered height 250 mm (9.8 inches)

Minimum raised height at least 900 to 1000 mm (35 to 39 inches)
 Lifting plate footprint larger than the instrument dimensions (Figure 2)

Warning:

The instrument must only be lifted using lifting equipment capable of raising the instrument's weight safely. The instrument must not be lifted manually. The lifting equipment must be capable of lifting the instrument to the same height as the laboratory bench. The Waters engineer will require assistance lifting and positioning the instrument.

Important:

It is essential that you provide suitable equipment for lifting the instrument. If suitable lifting equipment is not available when the Waters engineer arrives on site, the installation cannot be implemented and additional costs may be incurred. Contact your local Waters office prior to instrument shipment, if you require a jackable trolley capable of raising 300 kg (661 lbs).

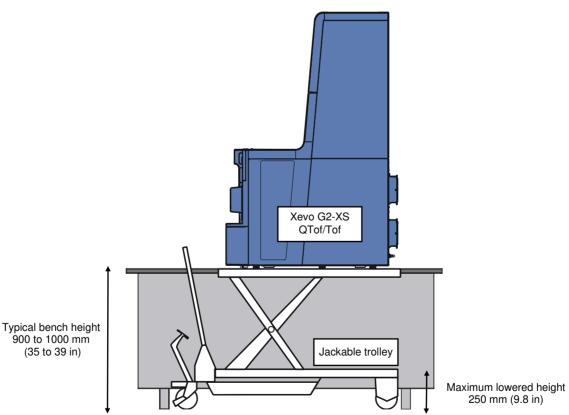


Figure 1 - Lifting and positioning the instrument

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Bench loading

The bench must be able to support the combined weight of the mass spectrometer, data system and LC system. Nominal weights for the instrument and data system are shown in Table 1. Refer to the appropriate LC site preparation guide for its specific weight information.

Space requirements

Instrument

The instrument has the following dimensions:

• Width 692 mm (27.2 inches)

• Length 1018 mm (40.1 inches) (no source fitted)

Height 1520 mm (60 inches)

Note: A moveable workbench of suitable load rating is the preferred arrangement for the system setup, to provide ease of access for servicing.

To allow necessary ventilation, allow at least 30-mm clearance for vents on the left-hand side, and at least 50-mm clearance on the right.

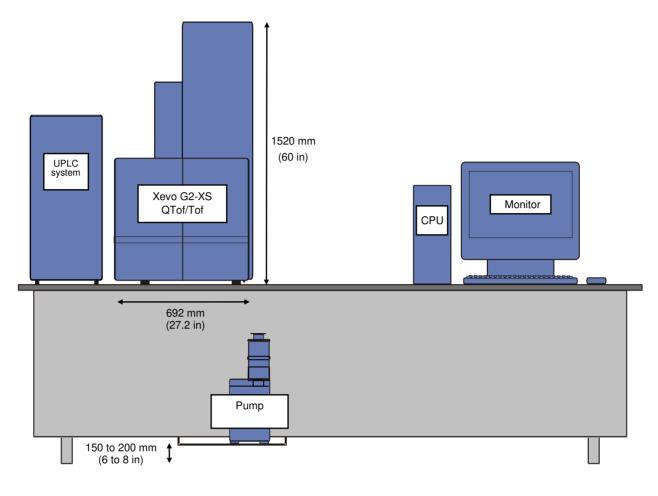
For service access, a minimum clearance of 600 mm (23.6 inches) is required for the front, back, and right side of the instrument; a temporary clearance of 1000 mm (39.4 inches) is required for the left side of the instrument. If the instrument is placed on a bench that can be moved out during service visits, the minimum clearance at the back is 150 mm (6 inches) with the rotary/scroll or dry pumps positioned beneath the instrument. The mass spectrometer must be installed on a surface that is level to within $\pm 1^{\circ}$ in any direction.

The instrument is supplied with a 2.5-m (8-ft) power cord.

A possible layout for the Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof, rotary/scroll or dry pumps, data system, and ancillary equipment is shown in Figure 2.

Note: An additional 100 mm (4 inches) is recommended behind the workbench to accommodate vacuum tubing, or an access slot as shown in Figure 2.

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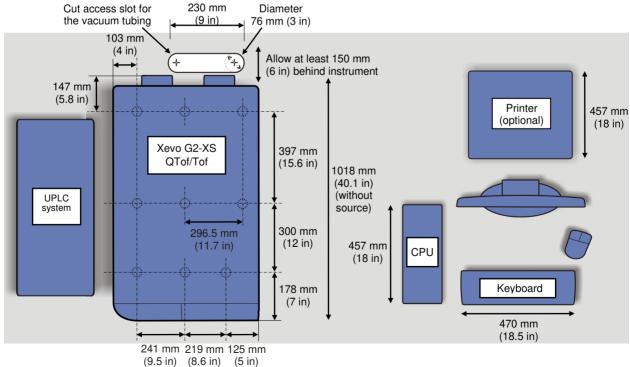


Figure 2 - Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof space requirements

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Pump

The rotary pump or optional scroll pump or dry pump must be positioned on the floor, either behind or underneath the instrument and within 1 m (3.3 ft) of the rear of the chassis. The pump is supplied with a 2.5-m (8-ft) power cord.

It is recommended that the rotary pump is elevated 150 to 200 mm (6 to 8 inches) above the floor to provide easy access during routine maintenance (for example, changing the pump oil).

Make sure there is adequate ventilation around the rotary/scroll pump or dry pump so that the ambient temperature around the pump does not exceed 40 °C.

Allow at least 150-mm clearance for the pump cooling fans.

The Ebara EV-SA20 dry backing pump has the following dimensions:

Width: 324 mm (12.7 inches)Length: 584 mm (22.9 inches)

• Height: 450 mm (17.7 inches) – includes the exhaust silencer

LC system

Ensure that there is sufficient space to the left of the mass spectrometer for the LC system. Refer to the appropriate site preparation guide for the relevant space requirements.

Data system

The data system can be positioned on the same bench as the mass spectrometer or on a separate desk (available as an option). A 3-m (9.8-ft) X-wire network cable connects the computer to the mass spectrometer. The two data system power cords for the PC and monitor are approximately 2.5 m (8 ft) in length.



Warning:

To avoid damage to and/or risk of electric shock and fire, the data system and any ancillary equipment must not be exposed to dripping or splashing liquids; nor should objects filled with liquid, such as solvent bottles, be placed on them.

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Electrical safety

The Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof complies with the international safety standard IEC 61010-1:2010 and meets the European low voltage directive 2014/35/EU by means of European harmonized standard EN 61010-1:2010.

For installations in Australia and New Zealand, the building installation must comply with AS3000: electrical installations for Australia and New Zealand.

The instrument is suitable for use in environments categorized as Pollution Degree 2 and Over-voltage Category II.

Power requirements

Power supply

The Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof and the rotary/scroll pump require one power socket each. The power supply sockets must be located within 2 m (6.5 ft) of the instrument. Do not position the equipment so that it is difficult to disconnect the power cords.

The data system typically requires two power sockets located adjacent to the Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof for the instrument PC and monitor. Further outlets may be required for optional equipment, such as a printer.

A typical LC system may require three or more additional sockets – refer to the relevant LC documentation for information.

Important: Main power supply voltage fluctuations must not exceed $\pm 10\%$.

The power requirements for the equipment are summarized in Table 2.

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Table 2: Summary of power requirements

	Nominal rated voltage	Supply fuse / circuit breaker rating	Typical power consumption	Power connection	Power sockets	Power sockets (with optional UPS)	
Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof	200 to 240 V 50/60 Hz	10 to 16 A	1.1 kW	IEC 60320 C20 receptacle	1		
Data system	100 to 127 V 50/60 Hz	5 to 15 A	200 W	IEC 60320	2		
Data system	200 to 240 V 50/60 Hz	2.5 to 16 A	200 W		C14 receptacle	2	
		Scroll pur	mp option			1	
XDS46i	200 to 230 V, 50/60 Hz	13 to 16 A	420 W	IEC 60320 C20 receptacles	1	_	
		Rotary pu	mp option				
SV40BIFC	200 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz	13 to 16 A	660 W	IEC 60320 C20 receptacles	1		
		Dry pum	p option				
Ebara EV-SA20	200 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz	13 to 16 A	500 W	IEC 60320 C20 receptacle	1		

Important:

Voltage supply stability is critical for instrument operation, the nominal power supply voltage must fall within the ranges specified in Table 2 at all times to allow for the occasional 10% surge.

The supplies must be wired with a protective earth and fused or fitted with circuit-breakers of the specified ratings, in accordance with local regulations.

The main power supply must not have brownouts/surges greater than $\pm 10\%$, and must not exceed the specified maximum operating range for more than 0.3 sec. Transient voltage drops to half nominal voltage or less must have a duration of less than 20 ms. There must be less than 1.0 V RMS of ripple on the main power supply.

The rotary/scroll or dry pump is normally in continuous operation; it is recommended that the system is installed such that the supply cannot be inadvertently switched off.

It is also recommended that additional protection is provided for the instrument by means of:

- Residual current devices (RCDs) for UK and Europe
- Ground fault circuit interrupters (GFCIs) for the rest of the world

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Electrical transformers

If there is a possibility that the supply voltages will not meet the specified operating range under all conditions, a transformer must be used to change the primary supply voltage to the specified range. Main power supply conditioners/stabilizers are also available as an optional accessory. Contact Waters with advance notification if power supply problems are likely to be experienced and for additional advice.

In the case of instruments fitted with a transformer, the RCD/GFCI must be fitted on the primary (supply) side of the transformer.

If your order includes a nitrogen generator and the main power supply is known to run continuously at voltages less than 220 V, Waters and Peak Scientific recommend that you fit the following transformer between the generator and main power supply.

Caution:

Running nitrogen generators continuously at voltages less than 220 V is not recommended and extended periods at these extremes can affect the operation and life of the generator.

View

Description

208 volt AC to 230 volt AC boost transformer

Table 3: Nitrogen generator transformer option

System plug options

The system plug options are shown in Table 4. The instrument is shipped with the plugs that were requested at the point of order. The customer must provide appropriate sockets for the relevant type of plug used. If the available sockets are incompatible with the plugs supplied, the customer must supply appropriate cord sets for the instrument and pumps. The cord sets must comply with local regulations.

Note:

If ancillary equipment is to be installed (for example, compressors), additional power outlets, possibly requiring 3-phase supplies, may be needed. Such supplemental needs must be confirmed with the local Waters agent prior to the start of the installation.

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Table 4: Power cords supplied by Waters

		d by waters
	IEC 60320 C13 (10-A rating)	IEC 60320 C19 (16-A rating)
Equipment end of cord	The state of the s	
Australia	- Comment	
	10 A	15 A
Brazil		
	16 A	16 A
China		
	10 A	16 A
Denmark	^{YP-26} 10A 250V- DK 2-5a "Data"; 10 A	10A250V- DK 2-1a; 13 A
EU		
	CEE 7/VII "Schuko"; 16 A	CEE 7/VII "Schuko"; 16 A
India	10A 250V- 16A 250V-	10A 250V- 16A 250V-
	16 A	16 A
Japan		YP-54 NEMA L6-15P 15A 250V
	5-15P; 15 A	L6-15; 15 A

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Korea	CEE 7/VII "Schuko"; 16 A	CEE 7/VII "Schuko"; 16 A
Switzerland	Type 12; 10 A	Type 23; 16 A
Taiwan	5-15P; 15 A	13 A
UK	13 A	13 A
USA	NEMA 5-15P	NEMA L6-15P

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Uninterruptible power supply

To prevent instabilities in local main power supply impacting system reliability and performance, Waters recommends the use of an uninterruptible power supply (UPS). In support of this recommendation, Waters supplies UPS units that have been specifically configured and evaluated for use with Waters MS systems. Your local Waters field sales representative can provide further details.

These UPS units step up single-phase line voltage to 230 V AC and provide power conditioning and protection for the MS system.

For North America, the UPS system requires one L6-30 (30 amp) wall socket. In other areas, the UPS system will typically connect to your laboratory main power supply using the standard MS instrument power cord and wall socket required for your system. See Table 2 and Table 4.

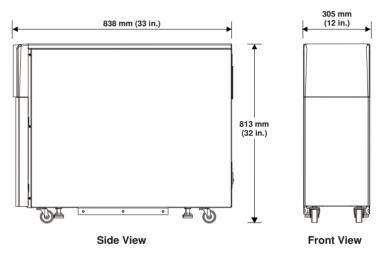


Figure 3 - Approximate maximum dimensions of the UPS

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Environment requirements

Safety recommendations



Warning:

To avoid risk of asphyxiation or exposure to toxic solvent vapors, ensure that the laboratory is adequately ventilated.

Because of the operation of atmospheric pressure sources, the user must be aware of potential chemical hazards. In particular, the user must assess the risks associated with nitrogen gas (oxygen deficiency) and solvents vented into the laboratory. Note that due to the fluidic nature of the sample inlet, ionization and exhaust system, there is a potential for gas/liquid leaks to occur. The user must give due consideration to the laboratory environment (including volume and air changes) before installation and during operation of the system.

Positioning

It is recommended that the instrument is installed in an air-conditioned laboratory, in a draft-free position, away from excessive amounts of dust. Air conditioning units must not be positioned directly above the mass spectrometer. To avoid adverse operation, do not locate the instrument in direct sunlight.

Ventilation

Refer to Table 2 for the maximum overall heat dissipation into the room from the instrument, data system, and pumps. Air conditioning systems may have to be installed or upgraded to accommodate additional heat load into the room when these systems are installed.

Temperature

The ambient temperature range required for normal operation is 15 to 28 °C (59 to 82 °F).

Temperature stability must be better than 2 °C or 3.5 °F peak-to-peak in 1.5 hours.

Humidity

The relative humidity in which the instrument and pumps are to operate must be in the range of 20% to 80%, non-condensing.

Altitude

The instrument is designed and tested to operate below 2000 m (6562 ft).

Vibration

The instrument must not be placed close to heavy machinery such as compressors and generators, which may generate excessive floor vibration.

Magnetic fields

The instrument must be positioned away from magnetic fields of greater than 10 Gauss, such as those generated by NMR spectrometers and magnetic sector mass spectrometers.

Radio emissions

The instrument must not be placed within a Radio Frequency (RF) field of greater than 1.0 V/m.

Possible sources of RF emission include RF-linked alarm systems, Local Area Networks (LANs), mobile telephones, and hand-held transmitters.

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Gases and regulators

Nitrogen gas

Caution: Where the APGC source is ordered, nitrogen purity must be >95.0%.

Refer to the *APGC Site Preparation Guide* (715002164) for specific external nitrogen gas supply and connection requirements.

The Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof requires a supply of dry, oil-free nitrogen with a purity of at least 95%. The nitrogen must be regulated at 6.75 ± 0.25 bar (98 ± 4 psi) outlet pressure, using a two-stage gas regulator with an appropriate outlet range, for example, 0 to 8 bar (0 to 116 psi).

Important: It is the customer's responsibility to provide a two-stage regulator fitted with an

adapter to connect to a 6-mm push-in fitting, see Table 5.

Caution: The nitrogen must be connected using the 5-m (16-ft) of 6-mm OD FEP tubing

supplied. The nitrogen line must be checked for leaks under pressure.

If copper tubing is used for the nitrogen line, the copper must be chemically cleaned; if stainless steel tubing is used, the stainless steel must be medical grade. Ensure that there are no soldered or brazed joints in the line, as these may result in contamination of the instrument with tin or lead oxide. Any joints in the nitrogen

line must be compression fittings.

During API operation, typical nitrogen usage varies from 600 to 1200 L/h (at atmospheric pressure). This equates approximately to the consumption of a large cylinder of compressed nitrogen each day. You may prefer to use a liquid nitrogen Dewar, which will last for several weeks, consult your local gas supplier for an ideal gas supply configuration.

Note: The use of nitrogen cylinders is not recommended for normal operation. Due to

high consumption, a cylinder is likely to empty during long sample runs. The supply

must be constant in case venting occurs.

Collision gas

Argon is required for the collision cell. The argon must be dry, high purity (99.997%), and regulated at a pressure of 0.50 \pm 0.05 bar (7.3 \pm 0.7 psi) for pre YFA instruments or 0.30 \pm 0.05 bar (4.4 \pm 0.7 psi) for post YFA instruments, using a two-stage high purity gas regulator with an appropriate outlet pressure range, for example, 0 to 2 bar (0 to 29 psi).

Important: It is the customer's responsibility to provide a two-stage regulator fitted with an

adapter to connect to a 1/8-inch Swagelok type fitting, see Table 5.

Caution: Ensure that there are no soldered or brazed joints in the argon line, as these may

result in contamination of the instrument with tin or lead oxide. Any joints in the

collision gas line must be compression fittings.

The gas supply must be connected using the clean, 1/8-inch OD, medical-grade

stainless steel tubing supplied and checked for leaks under pressure.

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Exhaust outlets

Laboratory exhaust



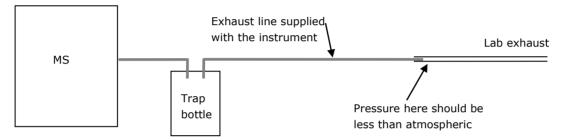
Warning:

Exhaust venting must comply with all local safety and environmental regulations. The ANSI/AIHA Z9.2-2001 standard for "Fundamentals governing the design and operation of local exhaust ventilation systems" provides guidance on compliant exhaust systems.

Source exhaust

You must either feed the exhaust line supplied with the system into a ducted laboratory fume hood or connect it to a laboratory exhaust system.

To ensure the correct functioning of the API source pressure monitoring system, vent the exhaust line in such a way that the pressure at the outlet never exceeds atmospheric pressure.



Caution:

To avoid contamination of the instrument, do not connect the source exhaust line to the backing pump exhaust. Damage can occur as a result of the backing pump exhaust being drawn into the source exhaust line.

The laboratory exhaust system must be capable of supporting a gas load of 2000 L/hour. The pressure within the laboratory exhaust must be less than atmospheric pressure, but not less than -10 mbar while under gas load.

Caution:

When running an LC with a high aqueous flow (greater than or equal to 60% water at greater than or equal to 0.5 mL/min), liquid solvent may condense and accumulate in the laboratory exhaust system. To prevent this happening, Waters recommends that the exhaust system is capable of draining off any solvent accumulation, or that the exhaust system is designed to prevent condensation, for example, by being open, so that it can maintain a gas flow of at least 5000 L/h.

Caution:

You must install the source exhaust waste tube with a downward slope from the MS to the bottle waste trap.

Three meters (9.8 ft) of 12-mm OD FEP tubing is supplied for connecting the source exhaust to the laboratory vent. If this length is insufficient, the user must supply an adapter and tubing with an ID of at least 16 mm (5/8 inch) for the extra distance to the vent point.

You can configure the instrument software to power-down the LC system if it detects that the nitrogen gas supply has failed. In the event that the nitrogen gas is powered-down (or runs out) and the LC system continues to operate, excess solvent is drained through the source exhaust.

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Pump exhaust

You must vent the rotary/scroll or dry pump exhaust gases to the atmosphere outside the laboratory via a user-supplied fume hood or industrial vent.

Five meters (16 ft) of 12-mm ID PVC tubing is supplied. If this length is insufficient, the user must supply an adapter and tubing with an internal diameter of at least 19 mm (0.75 inch) for the extra distance to the vent point.

Caution:

The fume hood/industrial vent must be equipped with an extraction fan system to enable adequate displacement of the exhaust gases.

Solvent delivery system

The instrument has an inbuilt fluidics system for sample infusion and tuning.

For ESI/ESCi operation, a UPLC[™]/HPLC pump giving a stable, pulse-free flow of 50 to 1000 µL/min is required. For APCI, the pump must provide a stable, pulse-free flow of 50 to 2000 µL/min.

For instruments purchased with the NanoLockSpray[™] source option a suitable stable, pulse-free NanoFlow LC system may be required (dependent on application).

Before returning the checklist at the end of this document, ensure that any locally supplied solvent delivery system has either already been commissioned or that a commissioning date has been scheduled.

Note:

If a solvent delivery system suitable for running performance specifications will not be available at the time of installation (for example, in the case of instruments supplied with ACQUITY UPLC $^{\text{TM}}$ M-Class) inform the local Waters service agent so that special arrangements can be made.

Test samples

Test samples are required for verifying the performance of instruments at the time of installation; they are also used for routine operations such as tuning and mass calibration.

Note:

A test sample kit is supplied with the instrument for the installation setup. It is the customer's responsibility, in conjunction with the local Waters sales representative, to ensure that any additional samples required for customer-specific tests and post-installation testing are available.

Note:

The Waters engineer will not carry test samples to the installation. If the Waters engineer is unable to complete the installation due to a lack of facilities, travel costs will be charged. The installation will be rescheduled when the chemicals are available.

Important:

Storage instructions provided with the test samples must be adhered to; the use of inferior quality test chemicals caused by adverse storage conditions could impair the instrument installation.

Note:

If your laboratory practices require full sample certification documentation, Waters Analytical Standards and Reagents provide ready-to-use reference materials and reagents that are fully traceable and certified (www.waters.com).

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Solvents and reagents

Caution:

Clean, high-purity solvents and reagents and clean glassware must be used to ensure the optimum performance of the LC-MS system. Significant delays to the installation may occur if clean solvents and glassware are not provided by the customer prior to commencing the installation.

For details on controlling contamination, and information on solvent brands, refer to *Controlling Contamination in LC/MS Systems* (715001307), located in the Support area of the Waters website (www.waters.com).

Caution:

If using a water purification system, maintain it regularly in accordance with the

manufacturer's guidelines.

Note:

A list of solvents and additives compatible with the Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof is available in the appropriate overview and maintenance guide, located in the Support area of the Waters website (www.waters.com).

Sample preparation equipment

Facilities for making up test samples must be available at the site. Typical equipment required for sample preparation includes (but is not limited to):

- Calibrated syringes Eppendorf (or equivalent), spanning range 1 µL to 1 mL
- Measuring cylinders, spanning range 100 mL to 1 L
- Volumetric flasks 10 mL, 20 mL, and 50 mL flasks
- Calibrated analytical balance
- Nitrile gloves
- Lint-free tissue

Cleaning test sample glassware

For detailed information on properly cleaning glassware or other components, refer to *Controlling Contamination in LC/MS Systems* (715001307), located in the Support area of the Waters website (www.waters.com).

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Cleaning equipment

An ultrasonic bath is required for the routine cleaning of instrument parts. The bath must be at least $300 \times 150 \times 100$ mm deep ($12 \times 6 \times 4$ inches).

Caution:

Surfactants must not be used for cleaning glassware or other components. Refer to the document *Controlling Contamination in LC/MS Systems* (715001307), located in the Support area of the Waters website (www.waters.com).

Surfactant-free glass vessels are required in which to place instrument components for cleaning. These vessels must be made available for use at the time of installation. The vessels must have a diameter of at least 120 mm (5 inches) and be approximately 120 mm (5 inches) high.

Summary of fittings

Table 5 shows a summary of the waste and gas connections for the installation of the Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof.

Table 5: Summary of instrument fittings required

	Fittings on system	Items supplied with the system	Items to be supplied by the customer
Pump exhaust	12-mm OD barbed fitting	5-m (16-ft) PVC tube, 12-mm ID	Industrial vent or fume hood
Source exhaust (nitrogen)	12-mm push-in fitting	3-m (9.8-ft) FEP tube, 12-mm OD	Industrial vent or fume hood
Liquid waste	1/4-inch barbed fitting	2-m (6.6-ft) Tygon tubing, 1/4-inch ID	Waste bottle, 1 L (minimum)
Pilot valve output (nitrogen)	4-mm push-in fitting	3-m (9.8-ft) PTFE tube, 4-mm OD	-
Nitrogen supply (gas in)	6-mm push-in fitting	5-m (16-ft) FEP tube, 6-mm OD	Nitrogen supply, regulated to 6.75 ±0.25 bar (98 ±4 psi) via a 6-mm adapter
Collision gas supply	1/8-inch fitting (Swagelok type)	3-m (9.8-ft) stainless steel tubing, 1/8-inch OD	Argon supply, regulated to 0.50 ±0.05 bar (7.3 ±0.7 psi) for pre YFA instruments or 0.30 ±0.05 bar (4.4 ±0.7 psi) for post YFA instruments, via a 1/8-inch adapter (Swagelok recommended)

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Xevo G2-XS QTof/Tof site preparation checklist

This checklist must be completed and returned to Waters when all the amenities are available.

Note: If any items are on order, indicate this on the checklist and include the anticipated arrival date.

Note: It is the customer's responsibility to ensure that all the correct laboratory supplies

are present. If you need any additional information or have difficulties acquiring $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$

parts or samples, contact your local Waters Sales representative.

Access (see page 5) The instrument is located on the ground floor/basement/ floor (delete as appropriate)	
All elevators, staircases, corridors and doorways through which the instrument must pass are adequate to allow easy access to the laboratory	
Lifting equipment (see page 6) Suitable equipment is available to lift the instrument onto the laboratory bench	
Bench/floor space (see page 7) Adequate bench or floor space is available for the system	
Power supply (see page 10) An appropriate number of sockets with earth connections are available and they meet the stipulated power requirements	
Positioning/ventilation (see page 16) The laboratory ventilation is present and there is no direct air conditioning flow onto the instrument	
Temperature (see page 16) The room temperature is as specified in this document	
Humidity (see page 16) The humidity is as specified in this document	
Altitude (see page 16) The instrument will be operated below 2000 m (6562 ft)	
Floor vibration (see page 16) The site is free from known vibration	
Magnetic fields (see page 16) The site is free from magnetic fields of greater than 10 Gauss	
Radio emissions (see page 16) The RF field strength is less than 1 V/m	

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Gases and regulators (se	e page 17)			
Dry, oil-free nitrogen ≥95% with a 6-mm adapter				
High purity ≥95.0% nitroge	n gas is available when <i>i</i>	APGC source is supp	lied	
High purity \geq 99.997% argo 0.50 \pm 0.05 bar (7.3 \pm 0.7 p 0.30 \pm 0.05 bar (4.4 \pm 0.7 p	si) for pre YFA instrumer	nts or	,	
Source exhaust (see page A suitable outlet is available				
Pump exhaust (see page : A suitable outlet is available				
Solvent delivery system	(see page 19)			
Make and model of system	to be used:			
	Make			
	Model			
	Flow rate the syste	e capability of em		
Delivery system is already of	on site and commissioned	d		
or				
Delivery system is schedule	d to be commissioned or	າ:		
Ancillary equipment If you plan to use any other Detector), give details below		tem (for example, G	iilson Autosampler, UV	
Make / type	Model	Already commissioned	To be commissioned on	

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Test samples (see page 19) All samples required for the installation are available	
Solvents/reagents (see page 20) Solvents are available	
Sample preparation equipment (see page 20) Sample preparation equipment, as specified in this document, is available	
Cleaning (see page 21) An ultrasonic bath is available	
Vessels for cleaning components are available	

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I confirm all supplies are now available and all specified environmental conditions have been met^* .

During the installation, the user intends to be available for demonstration and training by the Waters engineer:

At all times	
Approximately% of the time	
Not at all	
During the likely period of installation, the following dates are NOT convenient:	
Signed:	

*Important: If an authorized Waters service engineer arrives on site to begin installation work and cannot complete the installation due to lack of facilities (for example, lifting equipment, power, water, test samples, laboratory readiness), costs incurred will be charged to the customer.

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Complete the following sections in block letters:

Name	 	
Position	 	
Organization	 	
Street	 	
City	 	
ZIP/postcode	 	
Country		
Telephone		
Fax		
Email	 	

Important: The installation of your system cannot begin until pages 22 through 26 of this document have been fully completed and returned to the Mass Spectrometer Sales Support Representative at your local Waters office.

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Applications survey

What is your scientific field?

As part of our commitment to provide greater customer service, we have found it necessary to obtain a little more information concerning our user base.

We would be grateful if you could take the time to complete the following questions to provide us with some information about how the instrument will be used.

This information will enable us to inform you of relevant current application notes and seminars and allows us to identify common interest groups so that we can promote cross transfer of information between customers.

(for example,	pharmaceutical, environmental, general)
	es of compounds will be analyzed? carbohydrate, peptides, pesticides)
-	application area? quantitation, purity analysis, structural determination)
	am often requires reference sites for specific applications. e willing to be used as a contact reference site for prospective customer

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